CBSE | DEPARTMENT OF SKILL EDUCATION

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (SUBJECT CODE - 417)

MARKING SCHEME FOR CLASS X (SESSION 2023-2024)

Max. Time: 2 Hours

General Instructions:

- 1. Please read the instructions carefully.
- 2. This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections Section A & Section B.
- 3. Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.
- 4. Out of the given (5 + 16 =) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 =) 15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
- 5. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- 6. SECTION A OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (24 MARKS):
 - i. This section has 05 questions.
 - ii. There is no negative marking.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
- 7. SECTION B SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (26 MARKS):
 - i. This section contains 16 questions.
 - ii. A candidate has to do 10 questions.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIVE/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks	
Q. 1	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 ques	tions on Employability	Skills (1 x 4 =	= 4 marks)		
i.	Self-Motivation	NCERT	2	52	1	
ii.	(c) Hover	NCERT	3	67	1	
iii.	(a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A	NCERT	4	100	1	
iv.	(d) Tracking	NCERT	2	60	1	
v.	(d) Linguistic barrier	NCERT	1	21	1	
vi.	(c) Affordable and clean energy	NCERT	5	111	1	
Q. 2	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)					
i.	 (a) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A 	Facilitator Handbook	1	11	1	
ii.	(b) Data Privacy	Facilitator Handbook	1	24	1	

Max. Marks: 50

iii.	(a) Both Statement1 and Statement2 are	Facilitator	2	40	1			
	incorrect	Handbook	2	40	1			
iv.	Largor	Facilitator	2	40	1			
10.	Larger	Handbook	Ζ	40	1			
v.	(c) csv	Facilitator	4	63	1			
v.		Handbook	4	05	-			
vi.	(b) Rare word	Facilitator	6	115	1			
	· · ·	Handbook		115	-			
Q. 3	Answer any 5 out of the g		= 5 marks)					
i.	(c) iii and iv	Facilitator	1	16	1			
		Handbook						
ii.	Data Features/Data	Facilitator	2	35	1			
		Handbook						
iii.	(b) Target Advertisements	Facilitator	4	56	1			
		Handbook						
iv.	(b) Object Detection	Facilitator	5	78	1			
		Handbook						
v.	Smart Bot	Facilitator	6	105	1			
•••		Handbook	Ŭ		-			
vi.	(b) Precision and Recall	Facilitator	7	127	1			
vi.		Handbook		127	-			
Q. 4	Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions (1 x 5 = 5 marks)							
i.	Deep Learning	Facilitator	1	21	1			
		Handbook	_	21	_			
ii.	(b) Both Statement1 and Statement2 are	Facilitator	7	119	1			
	incorrect	Handbook	7		1			
	(a) Data gathered with respect to							
iii.	stadium, bowlers, opponent team and	Facilitator	4	60	1			
	health is known as Testing Data.	Handbook						
		Facilitator						
iv.	Three Channels	Handbook	5	83	1			
		Facilitator						
v.	(b) Sentiment Analysis	Handbook	6	100	1			
		Facilitator						
vi.	Overfitting	Handbook	7	119	1			
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the g		– 5 marks)					
Q. 5	Answer any 5 out of the g	Facilitator	– 5 mai KSJ					
i.	(c) Natural Language Processing	Handbook	1	22	1			
		Facilitator			<u> </u>			
ii.	Accuracy		7	123	1			
		Handbook						
iii.	(c) Pixel	Facilitator	5	79	1			
		Handbook			<u> </u>			
iv.	(b) Grammatical structure of a sentence	Facilitator	6	106	1			
		Handbook						
v.	(c) Bag of words	Facilitator	6	112	1			
		Handbook	-					
vi.	(d) spam filter	Facilitator	7	126	1			
		Handbook	-		_			

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Q. No.	QUESTION	Source Material (NCERT/PSSCIV E/ CBSE Study Material)	Unit/ Chap. No.	Page no. of source material	Marks				
Α	Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 3 = 6 marks)								
Q. 6	 Use simple language Be respectful of others' opinions Do not form assumptions on culture, religion or geography Try to communicate in person as much as possible Use visuals Take help of a translator to overcome differences in language marks for any two correct points from the above) 	NCERT	1	22	2				
Q. 7	 The process of goal setting in your life helps you decide on how to live your life, where you want to be, and how you want to be in the future. It helps you to focus on the end result instead of less important work. This will make you successful in your career and personal life. marks for any one valid justification given above or any relevant answer) 	NCERT	2	55	2				
Q. 8	A Trojan Horse is a type of malware which disguises itself i.e., it appears to be a useful software program but once it reaches a computer it starts behaving like a virus and destroys data. (1 mark for acting like useful program and, 1 mark for the words destroying/corrupting/deleting data) or (only ½ marks will be allotted if only malware/harmful program/virus/ term is mentioned)	NCERT	3	81	2				
Q. 9	Society is helping entrepreneurs by 1. Creating needs 2. Providing raw material 3. buying/selling of items 4. making money (2 marks for any two valid points)	NCERT	4	85	2				

Q. 10	 Use of fertilisers, pesticides, etc for increasing the production of crops. Cutting down of forests for personal use cuth as construction of buildings factories 	NCERT	5	103	2
	such as construction of buildings, factories etc				
	(1 mark for each valid point, or any two relevant answers other than the above)				
	Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions in 2	20 – 30 words eac	h (2 x 4 = 8 m	arks)	
Q. 11	 To provide customized notifications and recommendations. To improve the efficiency and accuracy of the app. 	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 1	25, 26	2
	(2 marks for any one correct point with explanation)				
Q. 12	Clustering model/Unsupervised learning is used to organize the unlabeled input data into groups based on features.	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 2	39	2
	Clustering is an unsupervised learning algorithm which can cluster unknown data according to the patterns or trends identified out of it. The patterns observed might be the ones which are known to the developer or it might even come up with some unique patterns out of it. (1 mark for identifying the name of the algorithm and 1 mark for explanation)				
Q. 13	 While accessing data from any of the data sources, following points should be kept in mind: 1. Data which is available for public usage only should be taken up. 2. Personal datasets should only be used with the consent of the owner. 3. One should never breach someone's privacy to collect data. 4. Data should only be taken from reliable sources as the data collected from random sources can be wrong or unusable. 5. Reliable sources of data ensure the authenticity of data which helps in the proper training of the Al model. 6. Data should be relevant to the problem. 	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 4	63	2
			1	1	1

Q. 14	Resolution of an	image	refers to t	the number	of	Facilitator	Unit 5	80	2
	pixels in an imag	ge, acros	ss the wid	Ith and heigl	nt.	Handbook			
	For example a m	nonitor	resolution	n of 1280×10	24.				
	This means ther	e are 12	80 pixels	from one si	de				
	to the other, and	d 1024 f	rom top t	o bottom.					
	(1 mark for expl	anation	; 1 mark fo	or example)					
Q. 15	1 0				d	Facilitator	Unit 6	110	2
	not be removed	are:				Handbook			
	@, . (fullstop) ,_		-						
	These tokens ar	-	•						
	stopwords, but i								
	tokens are part			-	1				
	tokens may lead email ID. So the								
	from the above			iot be remo	vea				
		sentent	е.						
	(1 mark for iden	tifving a	ny two st	on words fr	om				
	the above, and 2		-	-	0111				
	justification.)								
Q. 16	, ,					Facilitator	Unit 7	122	2
	Confusion Reality Handbook								
	Matrix		neuncy						
			Yes	No					
	Prediction	Yes	100	62					
		No	290	47					
	(½ marks each fo	or mapp	ing the va	alues in the					
	correct section, ½ *4=2 marks)								
	Answer a	nv 3 out	of the give	en 5 questior	ns in !	50– 80 words each	(4 x 3 = 12 m	arks)	
Q. 17	ſ	-		-		Facilitator	Unit 1	14, 15	4
Q. 17	When a machine possesses the ability to mimic human traits, i.e., make decisions , predict the					Handbook		14, 15	-
		•		· •					
	future , learn and improve on its own , it is said to have artificial intelligence. In other words,								
	you can say that a machine is artificially								
	intelligent when it can accomplish tasks by								
	itself - collect da	ata, und	erstand i	t, analyse it,	,				
	learn from it, ar	nd impro	ove it.						
	Machines becon	ne intell	igent onc	e they are					
	trained with sor	ne data	which he	lps them					
	achieve their tas			•					
	updating their k								
	output. For exar	-	-						
	recommendatio				ke.				
	Whenever we st								
	updates and give	es pette	er suggesti	ions.					

	Our Have a problem that When/while An ideal solution would be (1/2 mark each for ex for drawing the pro- with correct words problem statement or (1 mark to be allott without explanatio	bblem statement t in it or explaining t template) red if only 4Ws are	emplate the				
Q. 18	 people gett indirectly de The "What" the nature of The "Where the situatio arises, the of locations w The "Why" benefits why get from the benefit the 	ed to the problem	. The 4Ws Ilysing the tly or determine o look into oblem he nt. us the ers would w it will ociety	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 2	31-34	4
	(2 marks for definit which includes any 2 mark for an exam machines become or (only 1 mark for an mimic human traits	of the highlighted ple explanation o intelligent) y Al machine exar	t terms, f how nple which				

	Figure 1: In a supervised learning model, the dataset which is fed to the machine is labelled . In other words, we can say that the dataset is known to the person who is training the machine only then he/she is able to label the data. A label is some information which can be used as a tag for data. Here, labelled images of dog and cat are fed into the model and trained. The model correctly identifies the given input as dog. Figure 2: An unsupervised learning model works on unlabelled dataset . This means that the data which is fed to the machine is random and there is a possibility that the person who is training the model does not have any information regarding it. The unsupervised learning models are used to identify relationships, patterns and trends out of the data which is fed into it. It helps the user in understanding what the data is about and what are the major features identified by the machine in it. Here, images of a set of animals are fed into the AI model and the model clusters them based on similar features (1 mark each for identifying each term supervised learning and unsupervised learning; 1 mark per explanation of each term)				
Q. 20	 Yes, we might face any challenges if we try to teach computers how to understand and interact in human languages. The possible difficulties are: Arrangement of the words and meaning - the computer has to identify the different parts of a speech. Also, it may be extremely difficult for a computer to understand the meaning behind the language we use. Multiple Meanings of a word - same word can be used in a number of different ways which according to the context of the statement changes its meaning completely. Perfect Syntax, no Meaning - Sometimes, a statement can have a perfectly correct syntax but it does not mean anything. For example, take a look at this statement: 	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 6	106, 107	4

	 Chickens feed extravagantly while the moon drinks tea. This statement is correct grammatically but does this make any sense? In Human language, a perfect balance of syntax and semantics is important for better understanding. (1 mark for Yes and 1 mark each for the points on possible difficulties) 				
Q. 21	Ans: (i)the total number of wrong predictions made by the model is the sum of false positive and false negative. FP+FN=40+12= 52 (ii) Precision=TP/(TP+FP) =50/(50+40) 50/90 =0.55 Recall=TP/(TP+FN) =50/(50+12) =50/62 =.81 F1 Score = 2*Precision*Recall/(Precision+Recall) =2*0.55*.81/(.55+.81) =.891/1.36 =0.65 (1 marks for part (i) and ½ mark for each formula and ½ mark each for substitution of values in part(ii)) Please note: the mathematical calculations can be ignored	Facilitator Handbook	Unit 7	126,127	4